103D CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 1361

To establish a national framework for the development of School-to-Work Opportunities systems in all States, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

AUGUST 5, (legislative day, JUNE 30), 1993

Mr. Simon (for himself, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Durenberger, Mr. Wofford, Mr. Pell, Mr. Metzenbaum, Mr. Dodd, Mr. Hatfield, Ms. Moseley-Braun, Mr. Breaux, and Mrs. Murray) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources

A BILL

To establish a national framework for the development of School-to-Work Opportunities systems in all States, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1993".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents is
- 7 as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings.
 - Sec. 3. Purposes and Congressional intent.

- Sec. 4. Definitions.
- Sec. 5. Federal administration.

TITLE I—SCHOOL-TO-WORK OPPORTUNITIES BASIC PROGRAM COMPONENTS

- Sec. 101. General program requirements.
- Sec. 102. Work-based learning component.
- Sec. 103. School-based learning component.
- Sec. 104. Connecting activities component.

TITLE II—SCHOOL-TO-WORK OPPORTUNITIES SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS TO STATES

Subtitle A-State Development Grants

- Sec. 201. Purpose.
- Sec. 202. State development grants.

Subtitle B—State Implementation Grants

- Sec. 211. Purpose.
- Sec. 212. State implementation grants.

TITLE III—FEDERAL IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS TO PARTNERSHIPS

- Sec. 301. Purpose.
- Sec. 302. Federal implementation grants to partnerships.
- Sec. 303. School-to-Work Opportunities program grants in high poverty areas.

TITLE IV—NATIONAL PROGRAMS

- Sec. 401. Research, demonstration, and other projects.
- Sec. 402. Performance outcomes and evaluation.
- Sec. 403. Training and technical assistance.

TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

- Sec. 501. State request and responsibilities for a waiver of statutory and regulatory requirements.
- Sec. 502. Waivers of statutory and regulatory requirements by the Secretary of Education.
- Sec. 503. Waivers of statutory and regulatory requirements by the Secretary of Labor.
- Sec. 504. Safeguards.
- Sec. 505. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 506. Acceptance of gifts, and other matters.
- Sec. 507. Effective date.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress finds that—
- 3 (1) three-fourths of America's high school stu-
- 4 dents enter the workforce without baccalaureate de-

- grees, and many do not possess the academic and entry-level occupational skills necessary to succeed in the changing workplace;
 - (2) unemployment among American youth is intolerably high, and earnings of high school graduates have been falling relative to those with more education:
 - (3) the American workplace is changing in response to heightened international competition and new technologies, and these forces, which are ultimately beneficial to the Nation, are shrinking the demand for and undermining the earning power of unskilled labor;
 - (4) the United States is the only industrialized nation that lacks a comprehensive and coherent system to help its youth acquire knowledge, skills, abilities, and information about and access to the labor market necessary to make an effective transition from school to career-oriented work or to further education and training;
 - (5) American students can achieve to high standards, and many learn better and retain more when they learn in context, rather than in the abstract;

- 1 (6) work-based learning, which is modeled after 2 the time-honored apprenticeship concept, integrates 3 theoretical instruction with structured on-the-job 4 training, and this approach, combined with school-5 based learning, can be very effective in engaging stu-6 dent interest, enhancing skill acquisition, and pre-7 paring youth for high-skill, high-wage careers; and
 - (7) Federal resources currently fund a series of categorical, work-related education and training programs that are not administered as a coherent whole.

12 SEC. 3. PURPOSES AND CONGRESSIONAL INTENT.

- (a) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are to—
- (1) establish a national framework within which all States can create statewide School-to-Work Opportunities systems that are integrated with the systems developed under the Goals 2000: Educate America Act and that offer young Americans access to a performance-based education and training program that will enable them to earn portable credentials, prepare them for a first job in a high-skill, high-wage career, and increase their opportunities for further education;
 - (2) transform workplace into active learning components by making employers full partners in

8

9

10

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- providing high-quality, work-based learning experiences to students;
 - (3) use Federal funds under this Act as venture capital, to underwrite the initial costs of planning and establishing statewide School-to-Work Opportunities systems that will be maintained with other Federal, State, and local resources;
 - (4) promote the formation, among secondary and postsecondary educational institutions, private and public employers, labor organizations, government, community groups, parents, and students, of local education and training systems that are dedicated to linking the worlds of school and work;
 - (5) help students attain high academic and occupational standards;
 - (6) build on and advance a range of promising programs, such as tech-prep-education, career academics, school-to-apprenticeship programs, cooperative education, youth apprenticeship, and business-education compacts, that can be developed into programs funded under this Act;
 - (7) improve the knowledge and skills of youth by integrating academic and occupational learning integrating school-based and work-based learning,

- and building effective linkages between secondary
 and postsecondary education;
- 3 (8) motivate youth, especially low-achieving 4 youth and dropouts, to stay in or return to school 5 and strive to succeed by providing enriched learning 6 experiences and assistance in obtaining good jobs; 7 and
- 8 (9) further the National Education Goals set 9 forth in title I of the Goals 2000: Educate America 10 Act.
- 11 (b) Congressional Intent.—It is the intent of 12 Congress that the Secretary of Labor and the Secretary 13 of Education jointly administer this Act in a flexible man-14 ner that—
- 15 (1) promote State and local discretion in estab-16 lishing and implementing School-to-Work Opportuni-17 ties systems and programs; and
 - (2) contributes to reinventing government by building on State and local capacity, eliminating duplication, supporting locally established initiatives, requiring measurable goals for performance, and offering flexibility in meeting these goals.
- 23 SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.

19

20

21

22

24 As used in this Act—

- (1) the term "elements of an industry" means,
 with respect to a particular industry that a student
 is preparing to enter, such elements as planning,
 management, finances, technical and production
 skills, underlying principles of technology, labor and
 community issues, health and safety, and environmental issues related to that industry;
 - (2) the term "all students" means students from the broad range of backgrounds and circumstances, including disadvantaged students, students of diverse racial, ethnic, and cultural backgrounds, students with disabilities, students with limited English proficiency, and academically talented students;
 - (3) the term "approved State plan" or "approved plan" means a School-to-Work Opportunities plan that is submitted by a State, is determined by the Secretaries to include the basic program components and otherwise meet the requirements of this Act, and is consistent with the State's plan under the Goals 2000: Educate America Act;
 - (4) the term "career major" means a coherent sequence of courses or fields of study that prepares a student for a first job and that—

1	(A) integrates occupational and academic
2	learning, integrates work-based and school-
3	based learning, and establishes linkages be-
4	tween secondary and postsecondary education;
5	(B) prepares the student for employment
6	in broad occupational clusters or industry
7	sectors;
8	(C) typically includes at least two years of
9	secondary school and one or two years of post-
10	secondary education;
11	(D) results in the award of a high school
12	diploma, a certificate or diploma recognizing
13	successful completion of one or two years of
14	postsecondary education (if appropriate), and a
15	skill certificate; and
16	(E) may lead to further training, such as
17	entry into a registered apprenticeship program;
18	(5) the term "employer" includes both public
19	and private employers;
20	(6) the term "Governor" means the chief execu-
21	tive of a State;
22	(7) the term "local educational agency" shall
23	have the same meaning as provided in paragraph 12
24	of section 1471 of the Elementary and Secondary

Education Act of 1965, (20 U.S.C. 2891(12));

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (8) the term "partnership" means a local entity that is responsible for local School-to-Work Opportunities programs and that consists of employers, public secondary or postsecondary educational institutions or agencies, and labor organizations or emrepresentatives as defined in ployee section 403(c)(1)(B) of the Goals 2000: Educate America Act, and may include other entities, such as nonprofit or community-based organizations, rehabilitation agencies and organizations, registered apprenticeship agencies, local vocational education entities, local government agencies, parent organizations, private industry councils established under the Job Training Partnership Act, and federally recognized Indian tribes and Alaska Native villages;
 - (9) the term "postsecondary education institution" means a public or private nonprofit institution that is authorized within a State to provide a program of education beyond secondary education, and includes a community college, a technical college, a postsecondary vocational institution, or a tribally controlled community college;
 - (10) the term "registered apprenticeship agency" means either the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training in the United States Department of Labor

- or a State apprenticeship agency recognized and approved by the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training as the appropriate body for State registration or approval of local apprenticeship programs and agreements for Federal purposes;
 - (11) the term "registered apprenticeship program" means a program registered by a registered apprenticeship agency;
 - (12) the term "Secretaries" means the Secretary of Education and the Secretary of Labor;
 - (13) the term "skill certificate" means a portable, industry-recognized credential issued by a School-to-Work Opportunities program under an approved plan, that certifies that a student has mastered skills at levels that are at least as challenging as skill standards endorsed by the National Skill Standards Board established under the Goals 2000: Educate America Act, except that until such skill standards are developed, the term "skill certificate" means a credential issued under a process described in a State's approved plan;
 - (14) the term "State" means each of the several States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico; and

1 (15) the term "workplace mentor" means an 2 employee at the workplace who possesses the skills 3 to be mastered by a student, and who instructs the 4 student, critiques the student's performance, chal-5 lenges the student to perform well, and works in 6 consultation with classroom teachers and the 7 employer.

8 SEC. 5. FEDERAL ADMINISTRATION.

- 9 (a) Notwithstanding the Department of Education
- 10 Organization Act (20 U.S.C. 3401 et seq.), the General
- 11 Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1221 et seq.), the
- 12 statutory provisions regarding the establishment of the
- 13 Department of Labor (29 U.S.C. 551 et seq.), and section
- 14 166 of the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C.
- 15 1576), the Secretaries shall jointly provide for the admin-
- 16 istration of the programs established by this Act, and may
- 17 issue whatever procedures, guidelines, and regulations, in
- 18 accordance with 5 United States Code 553, they deem nec-
- 19 essary and appropriate to administer and enforce the pro-
- 20 visions of this Act.
- 21 (b) Section 431 of the General Education Provisions
- 22 Act (20 U.S.C. 1232), shall not apply to any programs
- 23 under this Act.

TITLE I—SCHOOL-TO-WORK OP-**PORTUNITIES BASIC** PRO-2 **GRAM COMPONENTS** 3 SEC. 101. GENERAL PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS. 5 A School-to-Work Opportunities program under this Act shall— 7 (1) integrate work-based learning and schoolbased learning, as provided for in sections 102 and 8 9 103: (2) provide a student with the opportunity to 10 11 complete a career major as defined in section 4 of 12 this Act; and (3) incorporate the basic program components 13 14 provided in sections 102 through 104. SEC. 102. WORK-BASED LEARNING COMPONENT. The work-based learning component of a School-to-16 Work Opportunities program shall include— 17 (1) a planned program of job training and expe-18 19 riences, including skills to be mastered at progres-20 sively higher levels, that are relevant to a student's 21 career major and lead to the award of a skill certifi-22 cate; 23 (2) paid work experience; 24 (3) workplace mentoring;

1	(4) instruction in general workplace com-
2	petencies; and
3	(5) broad instruction in a variety of elements of
4	an industry.
5	SEC. 103. SCHOOL-BASED LEARNING COMPONENT.
6	The school-based learning component of a School-to-
7	Work Opportunities program shall include—
8	(1) career exploration and counseling in order
9	to help students who may be interested to identify,
10	and select or reconsider, their interests, goals, and
11	career majors;
12	(2) initial selection by interested students of a
13	career major not later than the beginning of the
14	11th grade;
15	(3) a program of study designed to meet the
16	same challenging academic standards established by
17	States for all students under the Goals 2000: Edu-
18	cate America Act, and to meet the requirements nec-
19	essary for a student to earn a skill certificate; and
20	(4) regularly scheduled evaluations to identify
21	academic strengths and weaknesses of students and
22	the need for additional learning opportunities to
23	master core adacemic skills.

1 SEC. 104. CONNECTION ACTIVITIES COMPONENT.

2	The connecting activities component of a School-to-
3	Work Opportunities program shall include—
4	(1) matching students with employers' work-
5	based learning opportunities;
6	(2) serving as a liaison among the employer,
7	school, teacher, parent, and student;
8	(3) providing technical assistance and services
9	to employers and others in designing work-based
10	learning components and counseling and case man-
11	agement services, and in training teachers, work-
12	place mentors, and counselors;
13	(4) providing assistance to students who have
14	completed the program in finding an appropriate
15	job, continuing their education, or entering into an
16	additional training program;
17	(5) collecting and analyzing information regard-
18	ing post-program outcomes of students who partici-
19	pate in the School-to-Work Opportunities program;
20	and
21	(6) linking youth development activities under
22	this Act with employer strategies for upgrading the
23	skills of their workers.

TITLE II—SCHOOL-TO-WORK OP-

- 2 PORTUNITIES SYSTEM DE-
- 3 **VELOPMENT AND IMPLEMEN-**
- 4 TATION GRANTS TO STATES
- 5 Subtitle A—State Development
- **Grants**
- **7 SEC. 210. PURPOSE.**
- 8 The purpose of this subtitle is to assist States in
- 9 planning and developing comprehensive, statewide systems
- 10 for school-to-work opportunities.
- 11 SEC. 202. STATE DEVELOPMENT GRANTS.
- 12 (a) IN GENERAL.—Upon the application of a State,
- 13 the Secretaries may award a development grant to a State
- 14 in such amount as the Secretaries determine is necessary
- 15 to enable the State to complete development (that may
- 16 have begun with funds awarded under the Job Training
- 17 Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.), and the Carl
- 18 D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education
- 19 Act (20 U.S.C. 2301 et seq.)) of a comprehensive, state-
- 20 wide School-to-Work Opportunities system, except that a
- 21 development grant under this subtitle may not exceed
- 22 \$1,000,000 in any fiscal year.
- 23 (b) APPLICATION CONTENTS.—The application for a
- 24 development grant shall—

- (1) include a timetable and an estimate of the amount of funding needed to complete the planning and development necessary to implement a comprehensive, statewide School-to-Work Opportunities system;
 - (2) describe how the Governor; the chief State school officer; the State agency officials responsible for job training and employment, economic development, and postsecondary education; and other appropriate officials will collaborate in the planning and development of the State School-to-Work Opportunities system;
 - (3) describe how the State will enlist the active and continued participation in the planning and development of the statewide School-to-Work Opportunities system of employers and other interested parties such as locally elected officials, secondary and postsecondary educational institutions or agencies, business associations, employees, labor organizations or associations thereof, teachers, students, parents, community-based organizations, rehabilitation agencies and organizations, registered apprenticeship agencies, and local vocational educational agencies;
 - (4) describe how the State will coordinate its planning activities with any local School-to-Work

1	Opportunities program that has received a grant
2	under title III of this Act;
3	(5) designate a fiscal agent to receive and be
4	accountable for funds awarded under this subtitle;
5	and
6	(6) include such other information as the Sec-
7	retaries may require.
8	(c) State Development Activities.—Funds
9	awarded under this section shall be expended by a State
10	only for activities undertaken to develop a statewide
11	School-to-Work Opportunities system, which may in-
12	clude—
13	(1) identifying or establishing an appropriate
14	State structure to administer the School-to-Work
15	Opportunities system;
16	(2) identifying or establishing broad-based part-
17	nerships among employers, labor, education, govern-
18	ment, and other community organizations to partici-
19	pate in the design, development, and administration
20	of School-to-Work Opportunities programs;
21	(3) developing a marketing plan to build con-
22	sensus and support for School-to-Work Opportuni-

ties programs;

1	(4) promoting the active involvement of busi-
2	ness in planning and developing local School-to-
3	Work Opportunities programs;
4	(5) supporting local School-to-Work Opportuni-
5	ties planning and development activities to provide
6	guidance in the development of School-to-work Op-
7	portunities programs;
8	(6) initiating pilot program for testing key com-
9	ponents of State program design;
10	(7) developing a State process for issuing skill
11	certificates that takes into account the work of the
12	National Skill Standards Board and the criteria es-
13	tablished under Goals 2000: Educate America Act
14	(8) designing challenging curricula;
15	(9) developing a system for labor market analy-
16	sis and strategic planning for local targeting of in-
17	dustry sectors or broad occupational clusters;
18	(10) analyzing the post high school employment
19	experiences of recent high school graduates and
20	dropouts; and
21	(11) preparing the plan required for submission
2.2.	of an application for an Implementation Grant

under subtitle B.

Subtitle B—State Implementation

2	Grants
3	SEC. 211. PURPOSE.
4	The purpose of this subtitle is to assist States in the
5	implementation of comprehensive, statewide School-to-
6	Work Opportunities systems.
7	SEC. 212. STATE IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS.
8	(a) Eligibility and Application.—A State may
9	apply to the Secretaries for a competitive implementation
10	grant by submitting an application that contains—
11	(1) a plan for a comprehensive, statewide
12	School-to-Work Opportunities system that meets the
13	content requirements provided in subsection (b);
14	(2) a description of how the State will allocate
15	funds under this Act to local School-to-Work Oppor-
16	tunities partnerships;
17	(3) a request, if the State decides to submit
18	such a request, for one or more waivers of certain
19	statutory or regulatory requirements, as provided for
20	under title V of this Act; and
21	(4) such other information as the Secretaries
22	may require.
23	(b) Contents of State Plan.—A State plan
24	shall—

- (1) designate the geographical areas to be served by partnerships, which shall, to the extent feasible, reflect local labor market areas;
 - (2) describe how the State will stimulate and support local School-to-Work Opportunities programs that meet the requirements of this Act, and how the State's system will be expanded over time to cover all geographic areas in the State;
 - (3) describe the procedure by which the Governor; the chief State school officer; the State agency officials responsible for job training and employment, economic development, and postsecondary education; and other appropriate officials will collaborate in the implementation of the State Schoolto-Work Opportunities system;
 - (4) describe the procedure for obtaining the active and continued involvement in the statewide School-to-Work Opportunities system of employers and other interested parties such as locally elected officials, secondary and postsecondary educational institutions or agencies, business associations, employees, labor organizations or associations thereof, teachers, students, parents, community-based organizations, rehabilitation agencies and organizations,

- registered apprenticeship agencies, and local vocational educational agencies;
- (5) describe how the School-to-Work Opportuni-3 ties system will coordinate the use of education and 5 training funds from State and private sources with funds available from such related Federal programs 6 7 as the Adult Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1201 et seq.), the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied 8 9 Technology Education Act (20 U.S.C. 2301, et seq.), 10 the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 11 1965 (20 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.), the Family Support Act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. 602 note, 606 note), the 12 13 Goals 2000: Educate America Act, the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et 14 15 seq.), the Job Training Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 16 1501 et seq.), the National Apprenticeship Act (29 17 U.S.C. 50 et seq.) and the Rehabilitation Act of 18 1973 (29 U.S.C. 701 et seq.);
 - (6) describe the resources, including private sector resources, the State intends to employ in maintaining the School-to-Work Opportunities system when funds under this Act are no longer available;
 - (7) describe how the State will ensure opportunities for all students to participate in School-to-Work Opportunities programs;

20

21

22

23

24

- 1 (8) describe how the State will ensure opportu-2 nities for young women to participate in School-to-3 Work Opportunities programs in a manner that 4 leads to employment in high-performance, high-pay-5 ing jobs, including jobs in which women traditionally 6 have been under-represented;
 - (9) describe how the State will ensure opportunities for low achieving students, students with disabilities, and former students who have dropped out of school to participate in School-to-Work Opportunities programs;
 - (10) describe the State's process for assessing the skills and knowledge required in career majors, and awarding skill certificates that take into account the work of the National Skill Standards Board and the criteria established under Goals 2000: Educate America Act;
 - (11) describe the manner in which the State will, to the extent feasible, continue and incorporate programs funded under section 302 of this Act in the State School-to-Work Opportunities system;
 - (12) describe the performance standards that the State intends to meet; and

- (13) designate a fiscal agent to receive and be
 accountable for School-to-Work Opportunities funds
 awarded under this subtitle.
- 4 (c) Review of Applications.—The Secretaries
- 5 shall submit each application to a peer review process, de-
- 6 termine whether to approve the State's School-to-Work
- 7 Opportunities plan, and, if such determination is affirma-
- 8 tive, further determine whether to take one or a combina-
- 9 tion of the following actions—
- 10 (1) award an implementation grant;
- 12 (2) approve the State's request, if any, for a 12 waiver in accordance with the procedures in title V 13 of this Act; and
- 14 (3) inform the State of the opportunity to apply 15 for further development funds, except that further 16 development funds may not be awarded to a State 17 that receives an implementation grant.
- 18 (d) Amount of Grant.—The Secretaries shall es-
- 19 tablish the minimum and maximum amounts available for
- 20 an implementation grant, and shall determine the actual
- 21 amount granted to any State based on such criteria as
- 22 the scope and quality of the plan and the number of pro-
- 23 jected program participants.
- 24 (e) STATE IMPLEMENTATION ACTIVITIES.—Funds
- 25 awarded under this section shall be expended by a State

	~ -
1	only for activities undertaken to implement the State's
2	School-to-Work Opportunities system, which may in-
3	clude—
4	(1) recruiting and providing assistance to em-
5	ployers to provide work-based learning for students;
6	(2) conducting outreach activities to promote
7	and support collaboration in School-to-Work Oppor-
8	tunities programs by businesses, labor organizations,
9	and other organizations;
10	(3) providing training for teachers, employers,
11	workplace mentors, counselors, and others;
12	(4) providing labor market information to local
13	partnerships that is useful in determining which
14	high-skill, high-wage occupations are in demand;
15	(5) designing or adapting model curricula that
16	can be used to integrate academic and vocational
17	learning, school-based and work-based learning, and
18	secondary and postsecondary education;
19	(6) designing or adapting model work-based
20	learning programs and identifying best practices;
21	and
22	(7) conducting outreach activities and providing
23	technical assistance to other States that are develop-

ing or implementing School-to-Work Opportunities

systems.

24

1	(f) Allocation of Funds To Partnerships.—A
2	State shall award subgrants to partnerships, according to
3	criteria established by the State, that total no less than
4	65 percent of the sums awarded to it under this section
5	in the first year, 75 percent of such sums in the second
6	year, and 85 percent of such sums in each year thereafter.
7	(g) State Subgrants To Partnerships.—
8	(1) APPLICATION.—A partnership that seeks a
9	subgrant to carry out a local School-to-Work Oppor-
10	tunities program shall submit an application to the
11	State that—
12	(A) describes how the program would in-
13	clude the basic program components and other-
14	wise meet the requirements of title I of this
15	Act;
16	(B) sets forth measurable program goals
17	and outcomes;
18	(C) describes the local strategies and time-
19	tables to provide School-to-Work Opportunities
20	program opportunities for all students; and
21	(D) provides such other information as the
22	State may require.
23	(2) Allowable activities.—A partnership
24	shall expend funds awarded under this section only
25	for activities undertaken to carry out School-to-Work

1	Opportunities programs as defined in this Act, and
2	such activities may include—
3	(A) recruiting and providing assistance to
4	employers to provide the work-based learning
5	components in the School-to-Work Opportuni-
6	ties program;
7	(B) establishing consortia of employers to
8	support the School-to-Work Opportunities pro-
9	gram and provide access to jobs related to stu-
10	dents' career majors;
11	(C) supporting or establishing inter-
12	mediaries to perform the activities described in
13	section 104 and to provide assistance to stu-
14	dents in obtaining jobs and further education
15	and training;
16	(D) designing or adapting school curricula
17	that can be used to integrate academic and vo-
18	cational learning, school-based and work-based
19	learning, and secondary and postsecondary
20	education;
21	(E) providing training to work-based and
22	school-based staff on new curricula, student as-
23	sessments, student guidance, and feedback to
24	the school regarding student performance;

(F) establishing in schools participating in 1 2 School-to-Work Opportunities program a 3 graduation assistance program to assist at-risk 4 and low-achieving students in graduating from high school, enrolling in postsecondary edu-5 cation or training, and finding or advancing in 6 7 jobs; (G) conducting or obtaining an in-depth 8 9 analysis of the local labor market and the generic and specific skill needs of employers to 10 11 identify high-demand, high-wage careers to 12 target; (H) integrating work-based and school-13 14 based learning into existing job training programs for youth who have dropped out of 15 school; 16 17 (I) establishing or expanding school-to-ap-18 prenticeship programs in cooperation with reg-19 istered apprenticeship agencies and apprentice-20 ship sponsors; and (J) assisting participating employers, in-21 22 cluding small- and medium-size businesses, to

identify and train workplace mentors and to de-

velop work-based learning components.

23

TITLE III—FEDERAL IMPLEMEN-

2 TATION GRANTS TO PART-

3 **NERSHIPS**

- **4 SEC. 301. PURPOSE.**
- 5 The purposes of this title are—
- 6 (1) to authorize the Secretaries to award com-
- 7 petitive grants to partnerships in States that have
- 8 not received an implementation grant under section
- 9 212, in order to provide funding for communities
- that have built a sound planning and development
- base for School-to-Work Opportunities programs and
- are ready to begin implementing a local School-to-
- Work Opportunities program; and
- 14 (2) to authorize the Secretaries to award com-
- petitive grants to implement School-to-Work Oppor-
- tunities programs in high poverty areas of urban
- and rural communities to provide support for a com-
- prehensive range of education, training, and support
- services for youth residing in designated high pov-
- erty areas.
- 21 SEC. 302. FEDERAL IMPLEMENTATION GRANTS TO PART-
- NERSHIPS.
- 23 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretaries may award
- 24 School-to-Work Opportunities implementation grants to
- 25 partnerships in States that have not received an imple-

- 1 mentation grant under section 212, according to competi-
- 2 tive criteria established by the Secretaries.
- 3 (b) APPLICATION PROCEDURE.—A partnership that
- 4 desires to receive a direct Federal grant under this section
- 5 shall submit an application to the Secretaries in accord
- 6 with procedures specified by the Secretaries, but before
- 7 the partnership submits the application to the Secretaries
- 8 it shall first submit the application to the State for review
- 9 and comment.
- 10 (c) APPLICATION CONTENTS.—The grant application
- 11 from a partnership shall include a plan for local School-
- 12 to-Work Opportunities program that—
- 13 (1) describes how the partnership will meet the
- requirements of this Act;
- 15 (2) includes the State's comments, if any;
- 16 (3) contains information that is consistent with
- the content requirements for a State plan that are
- specified in section 212(b) (4) through (10);
- 19 (4) designates a fiscal agent to receive and be
- accountable for funds under this section; and
- 21 (5) provides other information that the Sec-
- retaries may require.
- 23 (d) Conformity With Approved State Plan.—
- 24 The Secretaries shall not award a grant under this section
- 25 to a partnership in a State that has an approved plan un-

- 1 less the Secretaries determine, after consultation with the
- 2 State, that the plan submitted by the partnership is in
- 3 accord with the approved State plan.
- 4 (e) IMPLEMENTATION ACTIVITIES.—Funds awarded
- 5 under this section shall be expended by a partnership only
- 6 for activities undertaken to implement School-to-Work Op-
- 7 portunities programs under this Act, including, but not
- 8 limited to, the activities specified in section 212(g)(2).
- 9 SEC. 303. SCHOOL-TO-WORK OPPORTUNITIES PROGRAM
- 10 GRANTS IN HIGH POVERTY AREAS.
- 11 (a) IN GENERAL.—From the funds reserved under
- 12 section 505(b), the Secretaries are authorized to award
- 13 grants to implement School-to-Work Opportunities pro-
- 14 grams, that include the basic program components and
- 15 otherwise meet the requirements of title I of this Act, in
- 16 high poverty areas, as provided in this section, of urban
- 17 and rural communities, in order to provide support for a
- 18 comprehensive range of education, training, and support
- 19 services for youth residing in such areas. The Secretaries
- 20 are authorized to award such grants according to criteria
- 21 established by the Secretaries, except that the Secretaries
- 22 shall not award a grant under this section to a School-
- 23 to-Work Opportunities program unless the Secretaries de-
- 24 termine after consultation with the State and partnership

- 1 that it is in accord with approved State and local plans,
- 2 if any.
- 3 (b) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
- 4 term "high poverty area" means an urban census tract,
- 5 a nonmetropolitan county, a Native American Indian res-
- 6 ervation, or an Alaska Native village, with a poverty rate
- 7 of 30 percent or more, as determined by the Bureau of
- 8 the Census.
- 9 (c) ALLOWABLE ACTIVITIES.—Funds awarded under
- 10 this section may be expended for activities such as those
- 11 that support school-based job specialists to assist students
- 12 in obtaining employment, and that recruit employers and
- 13 assist them to develop work-based learning opportunities
- 14 for students.
- 15 (d) Use of Funds.—Funds available under this sec-
- 16 tion may be awarded in combination with funds appro-
- 17 priated for the Youth Fair Chance Program.

18 TITLE IV—NATIONAL PROGRAMS

- 19 SEC. 401. RESEARCH, DEMONSTRATION, AND OTHER
- 20 **PROJECTS.**
- 21 (a) IN GENERAL.—With funds reserved under section
- 22 505(c), the Secretaries shall conduct research and develop-
- 23 ment and establish a program of experimental and dem-
- 24 onstration projects, to further the purposes of this Act.

1	(b) Additional Use of Funds.—Funds reserved
2	under section 505(c) may also be used for programs or
3	services authorized under any other provision of this Act
4	that are most appropriately administered at the national
5	level and that will operate in, or benefit more than, one
6	State.
7	SEC. 402. PERFORMANCE OUTCOMES AND EVALUATION.
8	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretaries, in collaboration
9	with the States, shall by grants, contracts, or otherwise,
10	establish a system of performance measures for assessing
11	State and local programs regarding—
12	(1) progress in the development and implemen-
13	tation of State plans that include the basic program
14	components and otherwise meet the requirements of
15	title I;
16	(2) participation in School-to-Work Opportuni-
17	ties programs by employers, schools, and students;
18	(3) progress in developing and implementing
19	strategies for addressing the needs of in-school and
20	out-of-school, at-risk youth;
21	(4) student outcomes, including—
22	(A) academic learning gains;
23	(B) staying in school and attaining a high
24	school diploma, skill certificate, and college
25	degree;

1	(C) placement and retention in further
2	education or training, particularly in the stu-
3	dent's career major; and
4	(D) job placement, retention, and earnings
5	particularly in the student's career major; and
6	(5) the extent to which the program has met
7	the needs of employers.
8	(b) EVALUATION.—The Secretaries shall conduct a
9	national evaluation of School-to-Work Opportunities pro-
10	grams funded under this Act that will track and assess
11	the progress of implementation of State and local pro-
12	grams and their effectiveness based on measures such as
13	those described in subsection (a).
14	(c) REPORTS.—Each State shall provide periodic re-
15	ports, at such intervals as the Secretaries determine, con-
16	taining information described in paragraphs (1) through
17	(4) of subsection (a).
18	SEC. 403. TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.
19	(a) Purpose.—The Secretaries shall work in co-
20	operation with the States, employers and their associa-
21	tions, schools, labor organizations, and community organi-
22	zations to increase their capacity to develop and imple-

23 ment effective School-to-Work Opportunities programs.

1	(b) AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—The Secretaries shall
2	provide, through grants, contracts, or other arrange-
3	ments—
4	(1) training, technical assistance, and other ac-
5	tivities that will:
6	(A) enhance the skills, knowledge, and ex-
7	pertise of the personnel involved in planning
8	and implementing State and local School-to-
9	Work Opportunities programs; and
10	(B) improve the quality of services pro-
11	vided to individuals served under this Act;
12	(2) assistance to States and partnerships in
13	order to integrate resources available under this Act
14	with resources available under other Federal, State,
15	and local authorities;
16	(3) assistance to States and partnerships to re-
17	cruit employers to provide the work-based learning
18	component of School-to-Work Opportunities pro-
19	grams.
20	(c) PEER REVIEW.—The Secretaries may use funds
21	under section 505(c) for the peer review of State applica-
22	tions and plans under section 212 and applications under
23	title III of this Act.

1 TITLE V—GENERAL PROVISIONS

2	SEC. 501. STATE REQUEST AND RESPONSIBILITIES FOR A
3	WAIVER OF STATUTORY AND REGULATORY
4	REQUIREMENTS.
5	(a) STATE REQUEST FOR WAIVER.—A state with an
6	approved plan may, at any point during the development
7	or implementation of a School-to-Work Opportunities pro-
8	gram, request a waiver of one or more statutory or regu-
9	latory provisions from the Secretaries in order to carry
10	out the purposes of the Act.
11	(b) Partnership Request for Waiver.—A part-
12	nership that seeks a waiver of any of the laws specified
13	in sections 502 and 503 shall submit an application for
14	such waiver to the State, and the State shall determine
15	whether to submit the application for a waiver to the
16	Secretaries.
17	(c) Waiver Criteria.—The request by the State
18	shall meet the criteria contained in section 502 or section
19	503 and shall specify the laws or regulations referred to
20	in those sections that the State wants waived.
21	SEC. 502. WAIVERS OF STATUTORY AND REGULATORY RE-
22	QUIREMENTS BY THE SECRETARY OF EDU-
23	CATION.
24	(a) In General.—(1) Except as provided in sub-
25	section (c), the Secretary of Education may waive any re-

quirement of any statute listed in subsection (b) or of the regulations issued under such statute for a State that re-3 quests such a waiver— 4 (A) if, and only to the extent that, the Secretary of Education determines that such require-5 6 ment impedes the ability of the State or a partner-7 ship to carry out the purposes of this Act; 8 (b) if the State waives, or agrees to waive, simi-9 lar requirements of State law; and (c) if the State— 10 11 (i) has provided all partnerships, and local 12 educational agencies participating in a partner-13 ship, in the State with notice and an oppor-14 tunity to comment on the State's proposal to 15 seek a waiver; and 16 (ii) has submitted the comments of the 17 partnership and local educational agencies to 18 the Secretary of Education. 19 (2) The Secretary of Education shall act promptly on any request submitted pursuant to paragraph (1). 20 (3) Each waiver approved pursuant to this subsection 21 shall be for a period not to exceed five years, except that the Secretary of Education may extend such period if the 23

Secretary of Education determines that the waiver has

been effective in enabling the State or partnership to carry out the purposes of this Act. 3 (b) INCLUDED PROGRAMS.—The statutes subject to the waiver authority of this section are as follows— (1) chapter 1 of title I of the Elementary and 5 6 Secondary Education Act of 1965, including the 7 **Even Start Act:** (2) part A of chapter 2 of title I of the Elemen-8 9 tary and Secondary Education Act of 1965; (3) the Dwight D. Eisenhower Mathematics and 10 11 Science Education Act (title II, part A of the Ele-12 mentary and Secondary Education Act of 1965); 13 (4) the Emergency Immigrant Education Act of 14 1984 (title IV, part D of the Elementary and Sec-15 ondary Education Act of 1965); 16 (5) the Drug-Free Schools and Communities 17 Act of 1986 (title V of the Elementary and Second-18 ary Education Act of 1965); and 19 (6) the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied 20 Technology Education Act. (c) WAIVERS NOT AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of 21 Education may not waive any statutory or regulatory requirement of the programs listed in subsection (b) relating 24 to—

1	(1) the basic purposes or goals of the affected
2	programs;
3	(2) maintenance of effort;
4	(3) comparability of services;
5	(4) the equitable participation of students at-
6	tending private schools;
7	(5) parental participation and involvement;
8	(6) the distribution of funds to State or to local
9	educational agencies;
10	(7) the eligibility of an individual for participa-
11	tion in the affected programs;
12	(8) public health or safety, labor standards,
13	civil rights, occupational safety and health, or envi-
14	ronmental protection; or
15	(9) prohibitions or restrictions relating to the
16	construction of buildings or facilities.
17	(d) TERMINATION OF WAIVERS.—The Secretary of
18	Education shall periodically review the performance of any
19	State or partnership for which the Secretary of Education
20	has granted a waiver and shall terminate the waiver under
21	this section if the Secretary determines that the perform-
22	ance of the State, partnership, or local educational agency
23	affected by the waiver has been inadequate to justify a
24	continuation of the waiver or the State fails to waive simi-

1	lar requirements of State law as required or agreed to in
2	accord with section 502(a)(1)(B).
3	SEC. 503. WAIVERS OF STATUTORY AND REGULATORY RE-
4	QUIREMENTS BY THE SECRETARY OF LABOR.
5	(a) In General.—(1) Except as provided in sub-
6	section (c), the Secretary of Labor may waive any require-
7	ment of any statutory provisions listed in subsection (b)
8	or of the regulations issued under such statutory provi-
9	sions for a State that requests such a waiver—
10	(A) if, and only to the extent that, the Sec-
11	retary of Labor determines that such requirement
12	impedes the ability of the State or a partnership to
13	carry out the purposes of this Act;
14	(B) if the State waives, or agrees to waive,
15	similar requirements of State law; and
16	(C) if the State—
17	(i) has provided all partnerships in the
18	State with notice and an opportunity to com-
19	ment on the State's proposal to seek a waiver;
20	and
21	(ii) has submitted the comments of the
22	partnerships to the Secretary of Labor.
23	(2) The Secretary of Labor shall act promptly on any
24	request submitted pursuant to paragraph (1).

1	(3) Each waiver approved pursuant to this subsection
2	shall be for a period not to exceed five years, except that
3	the Secretary of Labor may extend such period if the Sec-
4	retary of Labor determines that the waiver has been effec-
5	tive in enabling the State or partnership to carry out the
6	purposes of this Act.
7	(b) Included Programs.—The statutory provisions
8	subject to the waiver authority of this section are as fol-
9	lows—
10	(1) section 106(b)(4) (performance standards),
11	section 107 (selection of service providers), section
12	108 (limitation on certain costs), section 141 (gen-
13	eral program requirements), and section 142 (bene-
14	fits) of the Job Training Partnership Act, except
15	that section 141(c) and section 141(q) shall not be
16	waived;
17	(2) section 123 of the Job Training Partnership
18	Act (State education coordination and grants);
19	(3) part B of title II of the Job Training Part-
20	nership Act (Summer Youth Employment and
21	Training Programs);
22	(4) part C, title II of the Job Training Partner-
23	ship Act (Youth Training Program), except that sec-
24	tion 263 (eligibility for services) shall not be waived;
25	and

1	(5) part A (Employment and Training Pro-
2	grams for Native Americans and Migrant and Sea-
3	sonal Farmworkers), part B (Job Corps), and part
4	H (Youth Fair Chance Program) of title IV of the
5	Job Training Partnership Act.
6	(c) Waivers Not Authorized.—The Secretary of
7	Labor may not waive any statutory or regulatory require-
8	ment of the programs listed in subsection (b) relating to—
9	(1) the basic purposes or goals of the affected
10	programs;
11	(2) the eligibility of an individual for participa-
12	tion in the affected programs;
13	(3) the allocation of funds under the affected
14	programs;
15	(4) public health or safety, labor standards,
16	civil rights, occupational safety and health, or envi-
17	ronmental protection;
18	(5) maintenance of effort; or
19	(6) prohibitions or restrictions relating to the
20	construction of buildings or facilities.
21	(d) TERMINATION OF WAIVERS.—The Secretary of
22	Labor shall periodically review the performance of any
23	State or partnership for which the Secretary of Labor has
24	granted a waiver and shall terminate the waiver under this
25	section if the Secretary determines that the performance

1	of the State or partnership affected by the waiver has been
2	inadequate to justify a continuation of the waiver, or the
3	State fails to waive similar requirements of State law as
4	required or agreed to in accord with section $503(a)(1)(B)$
5	SEC. 504. SAFEGUARDS.
6	The following safeguards shall apply to School-to-
7	Work Opportunities programs under this Act:
8	(1) No student shall displace any currently em-
9	ployed worker (including a partial displacement,
10	such as a reduction in the hours of nonovertime
11	work, wages, or employment benefits).
12	(2) No School-to-Work Opportunities program
13	shall impair existing contracts for services or collec-
14	tive bargaining agreements, except that no program
15	under this Act that would be inconsistent with the
16	terms of a collective bargaining agreement shall be
17	undertaken without the written concurrence of the
18	labor organization and employer concerned.
19	(3) No student shall be employed or job open-
20	ing filled—
21	(A) when any other individual is on tem-
22	porary layoff from the participating employer,
23	with the clear possibility of recall, from the

same or any substantially equivalent job; or

- 1 (B) when the employer has terminated the 2 employment of any regular employee or other-3 wise reduced its workforce with the intention of 4 filling the vacancy so created with a student.
 - (4) Students shall be provided with adequate and safe equipment and a safe and healthful workplace in conformity with all health and safety standards of Federal, State, and local law.
 - (5) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to modify or affect any Federal or State law prohibiting discrimination on the basis of race, religion, color, ethnicity, national origin, gender, age, or disability.
 - (6) Funds appropriated under authority of this Act shall not be expended for wages of students.
 - (7) The Secretaries shall provide such other safeguards as they may deem appropriate in order to ensure that School-to-Work Opportunities participants are afforded adequate supervision by skilled adult workers, or, otherwise, to further the purposes of this Act.

22 SEC. 505. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

23 (a) AUTHORIZATION.—There are authorized to be ap-24 propriated to the Secretaries \$300,000,000 in fiscal year 25 1995, and such sums as may be necessary in each of the

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

- 1 seven succeeding fiscal years for allocations to carry out
- 2 this Act.
- 3 (b) HIGH POVERTY AREAS.—The Secretaries may re-
- 4 serve up to \$30,000,000 in fiscal year 1995, and such
- 5 sums as may be necessary in each of the succeeding seven
- 6 years under this Act, to carry out section 303, which may
- 7 be used in conjunction with funds available under the
- 8 Youth Fair Chance Program, title IV-H of the Job Train-
- 9 ing Partnership Act (29 U.S.C. 1671, et seq.).
- 10 (c) National Programs.—The Secretaries may re-
- 11 serve up to \$30,000,000 in fiscal year 1995 and such
- 12 sums as they may deem necessary under this Act, in each
- 13 of the seven succeeding fiscal years to carry out title IV.
- 14 (d) Territories.—The Secretaries may reserve up
- 15 to one quarter of one percent for School-to-Work Opportu-
- 16 nities programs under this Act for the territories of the
- 17 United States, which are the Virgin Islands, Guam, the
- 18 Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, the Fed-
- 19 erated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of the Mar-
- 20 shall Islands, and which include Palau until the Compact
- 21 of Free Association is signed.
- 22 (e) Native American Programs.—(1) The Sec-
- 23 retaries may reserve up to one quarter of one percent of
- 24 the funds appropriated for any fiscal year under section
- 25 505(a) for School-to-Work Opportunities programs for In-

- 1 dian youth that are consistent with School-to-Work Op-
- 2 portunities programs carried out under title II of this Act
- 3 and that involve Bureau funded schools, as defined in sec-
- 4 tion 1139(3) of the Education Amendments of 1978 (25
- 5 U.S.C. 2019(3)).
- 6 (2) The Secretaries may carry out this subsection
- 7 through such means as they find appropriate, including,
- 8 but not limited to—
- 9 (A) the transfer of funds to the Secretary of the
- 10 Interior; and
- 11 (B) the provision of financial assistance to In-
- dian tribes and Indian organizations.
- 13 (f) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Funds obligated for
- 14 any fiscal year for programs authorized under this Act
- 15 shall remain available until expended.
- 16 SEC. 506. ACCEPTANCE OF GIFTS, AND OTHER MATTERS.
- 17 The Secretaries are authorized, in carrying out this
- 18 Act, to accept, purchase, or lease in the name of the De-
- 19 partment of Labor or the Department of Education, and
- 20 employ or dispose of in furtherance of the purposes of this
- 21 Act, any money or property, real, personal, or mixed, tan-
- 22 gible or intangible, received by gift, devise, bequest, or
- 23 otherwise, and to accept voluntary and uncompensated
- 24 services notwithstanding the provisions of section 1342 of
- 25 title 31.

1 SEC. 507. EFFECTIVE DATE.

2 This Act shall take effect on the day of enactment.

 \bigcirc

- S 1361 IS——2
- S 1361 IS——3
- S 1361 IS——4